



State of Idaho

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

322 East Front Street • P.O. Box 83720 • Boise, Idaho 83720-0098

Phone: (208) 287-4800 • Fax: (208) 287-6700 • Web Site: www.idwr.idaho.gov

C. L. "BUTCH" OTTER
Governor

DAVID R. TUTHILL, JR.
Director

May 22, 2008

CITY OF NEW PLYMOUTH
PO BOX 158
NEW PLYMOUTH ID 83655

RE: Permit No. 65-23263

Permit Approval Notice

Dear Permit Holder:

The Department of Water Resources has issued the enclosed permit authorizing you to establish a new water right. Please be sure to thoroughly review the conditions of approval and remarks listed on your permit.

The permit is a PRELIMINARY ORDER issued by the Department pursuant to Section 67-5243, Idaho Code. It can and will become a final order without further action by the Department unless a party petitions for reconsideration or files an exception and/or brief within fourteen (14) days of the service date as described in the enclosed information sheet.

As a permit owner you must commence the excavation or construction of the diverting works within one year of the date the permit was issued, and you must proceed diligently until the project is completed. The date shown under condition no. 1 is the date when the project must be completed.

The Department will send you a 'Proof Due Notice' approximately 60 days prior to the above referenced date requesting you to file either a Proof of Beneficial Use form or a Request for Extension of Time form.

The right to drill a well is not a part of this permit to appropriate water. Beginning in July of 1987, a statute was enacted which requires a drilling permit for new well construction and deepening of existing wells. If the well(s) proposed for use under this water right permit were drilled or deepened after July 1, 1987, a separate drilling permit must be obtained from this Department. Please contact the Ground Water Protection Section located here at this office or our regional office nearest you.

Please note that water right owners are required to report any change of water right ownership and/or mailing address to the Department within 120 days of the change. Failure to report these changes could result in a \$100 late filing fee. Contact

any office of the Department or visit the Department's homepage on the Internet to obtain the proper forms and instructions.

Also, while reviewing your application IDWR found that the City of New Plymouth holds several other water rights. In addition to this permit, the city has Permit 65-13735 (approved in 1997) and five, older ground water rights:

- **License 65-12213** for 1.0 cfs ground water for municipal use through New Plymouth's well #7.
- **Decreed water right 65-25** with priority 07/18/1961, for 0.78 cfs of ground water for municipal use.
- **Decreed water right 65-26** with priority 06/01/1929, for a total of 0.27 cfs ground water for municipal use and irrigation use.
- **Decreed water right 65-27** with priority 6/01/1943, for 0.27 cfs ground water for municipal use
- **Decreed water right 65-7093** with priority 08/08/1969, for 0.4 cfs ground water for municipal use.

Recommended diversion points for all four of the decreed rights are in SW¼SE¼ of Township 7 North, Range 4 West, Section 4, which is the wedge shaped parcel west of the high school. From the water right files IDWR was not able to confirm that the City of New Plymouth is actively diverting and using water in connection with these four decreed rights.

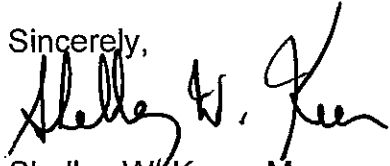
If the city is not using the four decreed water rights, they could be subject to forfeiture after five years of non-use. However, it might be possible to change the point of diversion for any unused ground water rights to the new well, when it is drilled, and cover the diversion of water from the new well with the older priority dates of the existing rights. Water right priority dates are important because in a time of shortage newer (junior) water rights are curtailed before older (senior) ones.

IDWR encourages you to evaluate your water rights to be sure they match your water usage and that you are not applying for a new water right when you really need a replacement well for existing water rights. In addition, IDWR has placed a condition on your new permit requiring a report to help determine if additional beneficial use of water will result from this permitted appropriation. Please refer to the last condition on the permit. After reviewing your water rights, if you want to file an application to change the point of diversion for your existing rights, please contact IDWR or visit IDWR's website to obtain a transfer application form.

City of New Plymouth
May 21, 2008
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If you have any questions, please contact me at 208-287-4947.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Shelley W. Keen". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Shelley" being more prominent.

Shelley W. Keen, Manager
Water Right Permits Section

Enclosure(s)

cc: HOLLADAY ENGINEERING CO

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

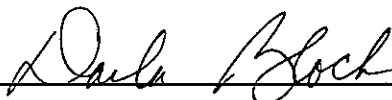
I hereby certify that on May 22, 2008 I mailed a true and correct copy, postage prepaid, of the foregoing PRELIMINARY ORDER(Approved Permit) to the person(s) listed below:

RE: WATER RIGHT NO.

65-23263

**CITY OF NEW PLYMOUTH
PO BOX 158
NEW PLYMOUTH ID 83655**

**HOLLADAY ENGINEERING CO
PO BOX 235
PAYETTE ID 83661**



**Darla Block
Technical Records Specialist**

Statement of Available Procedures and Applicable Time Limits

RESPONDING TO PRELIMINARY ORDERS ISSUED BY THE IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES (To be used in connection with actions when a hearing was not held)

(Required by Rule of Procedure 730.02)

The accompanying order or approved document is a "Preliminary Order" issued by the department pursuant to section 67-5243, Idaho Code. It can and will become a final order without further action of the Department of Water Resources ("department") unless a party petitions for reconsideration, files an exception and brief, or requests a hearing as further described below:

PETITION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Any party may file a petition for reconsideration of a preliminary order with the department within fourteen (14) days of the service date of this order. **Note: the petition must be received by the department within this fourteen (14) day period.** The department will act on a petition for reconsideration within twenty-one (21) days of its receipt, or the petition will be considered denied by operation of law. See Section 67-5243(3) Idaho Code.

EXCEPTIONS AND BRIEFS

Within fourteen (14) days after (a) the service date of a preliminary order, (b) the service date of a denial of a petition for reconsideration from this preliminary order, or (c) the failure within twenty-one (21) days to grant or deny a petition for reconsideration from this preliminary order, any party may in writing support or take exceptions to any part of a preliminary order and may file briefs in support of the party's position on any issue in the proceeding with the Director. Otherwise, this preliminary order will become a final order of the agency.

REQUEST FOR HEARING

Unless a right to a hearing before the Department or the Water Resource Board is otherwise provided by statute, any person aggrieved by any final decision, determination, order or action of the Director of the Department and who has not previously been afforded an opportunity for a hearing on the matter may request a hearing pursuant to section 42-1701A(3), Idaho Code. A written petition contesting the action of the Director and requesting a hearing shall be filed within fifteen (15) days after receipt of the denial or conditional approval.

ORAL ARGUMENT

If the Director grants a petition to review the preliminary order, the Director shall allow all parties an opportunity to file briefs in support of or taking exceptions to the preliminary order and may schedule oral argument in the matter before issuing a final order. If oral arguments are to be heard, the Director will within a reasonable time period notify each party of the place, date and hour for the argument of the case. Unless the Director orders otherwise, all oral arguments will be heard in Boise, Idaho.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

All exceptions, briefs, requests for oral argument and any other matters filed with the Director in connection with the preliminary order shall be served on all other parties to the proceedings in accordance with IDAPA Rules 37.01.01302 and 37.01.01303 (Rules of Procedure 302 and 303).

FINAL ORDER

The Director will issue a final order within fifty-six (56) days of receipt of the written briefs, oral argument or response to briefs, whichever is later, unless waived by the parties or for good cause shown. The Director may remand the matter for further evidentiary hearings if further factual development of the record is necessary before issuing a final order. The department will serve a copy of the final order on all parties of record.

Section 67-5246(5), Idaho Code, provides as follows:

Unless a different date is stated in a final order, the order is effective fourteen (14) days after its issuance if a party has not filed a petition for reconsideration. If a party has filed a petition for reconsideration with the agency head, the final order becomes effective when:

- (a) the petition for reconsideration is disposed of; or
- (b) the petition is deemed denied because the agency head did not dispose of the petition within twenty-one (21) days.

APPEAL OF FINAL ORDER TO DISTRICT COURT

Pursuant to sections 67-5270 and 67-5272, Idaho Code, if this preliminary order becomes final, any party aggrieved by the final order or orders previously issued in this case may appeal the final order and all previously issued orders in this case to district court by filing a petition in the district court of the county in which:

- i. A hearing was held,
- ii. The final agency action was taken,
- iii. The party seeking review of the order resides, or
- iv. The real property or personal property that was the subject of the agency action is located.

The appeal must be filed within twenty-eight (28) days of this preliminary order becoming final. See section 67-5273, Idaho Code. The filing of an appeal to district court does not itself stay the effectiveness or enforcement of the order under appeal.